# LLS (Low Loss Spiral Shield) Coaxial Cable -solid or stranded center conductors 

## Construction:

Center Conductor: Solid or standed silver plated copper
Dielectric: Expanded PTFE tape
Inner Shield: Spiral strip of silver plated copper
Outer Braid: Round silver plated copper
Jacket: Blue translucent FEP
Operating temperature $-55+200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Velocity of Propagation $81 \%-85 \%$
Impedence 50 Ohms
Shielding Effectiveness $<-110 \mathrm{~dB}$

|  | LLS160-40GHZ | LLS195STR | LLS195 | LLS290 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Center conductor diameter | $.0403^{\prime \prime}$ solid | $.057^{\prime \prime}$ stranded | $.051^{\prime \prime}$ solid | $.089{ }^{\prime \prime}$ solid |
| Dielectric diameter | $.111^{\prime \prime}$ | $.147^{\prime \prime}$ | $.145^{\prime \prime}$ | $.241^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Diameter over inner shield | $.117^{\prime \prime}$ | $.153^{\prime \prime}$ | $.151^{\prime \prime}$ | $.247^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Diameter over outer braid | $.135^{\prime \prime}$ | $.171^{\prime \prime}$ | $.16 "^{\prime \prime}$ | $.273^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Overall diameter | $.160^{\prime \prime}$ | $.195^{\prime \prime}$ | $.195^{\prime \prime}$ | $.290^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Weight(lbs/mft) | 24.5 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 74.0 |
| Bend radius | $0.8^{\prime \prime}$ | $1.0^{\prime \prime}$ | $1.0^{\prime \prime}$ | $1.45^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Attenuation $(\mathrm{dB} / 100 \mathrm{ft}) @$ |  |  |  |  |
| 400 MHz | 6.3 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 2.7 |
| 1 GHz | 10.0 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 4.3 |
| 3 GHz | 17.7 | 14.1 | 13.2 | 7.7 |
| 5 GHz | 23.1 | 18.5 | 17.2 | 10.1 |
| 10 GHz | 33.4 | 26.9 | 24.9 | 14.8 |
| 18 GHz | 46.0 | 37.3 | 34.2 | 20.6 |
| 40 GHz | 71.8 | -- | -- | -- |

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## ILARBOUR INDUSTRIES LLS290

## Designed for Low Attenuation

The inner silver plated flat strip shield coupled with higher velocity expanded PTFE tape dielectrics yield lower attenuation levels over operating frequencies.

LLS cables are smaller and lighter weight than comparable LL flat strip braid constructions.
Return loss improved by minimizing inherent spikes from the strip braid and interlayer.
Shielding Effectiveness levels have been measured at $<-110 \mathrm{~dB}$
Special connectors have been designed and are readily available.

## Attenuation Calculation and K Factors

Although typical and maximum attenuation values are given for discrete frequencies, typical attenuation values may be calculated by using K1 and K2 factors for each construction. The K1 factor is calculated by taking into consideration the type, strand factor, and diameter of the center conductor, and the impedance of the cable. The K2 factor is calculated by taking into consideration the velocity of propagation and the dissipation factor of the dielectric.

## Formula for Calculating Attenuation using K Factors:

Attenuation $(\mathrm{dB} / 100 \mathrm{ft})$ at any frequency $(\mathbf{M H z})=$
(K1 x $\sqrt{\text { frequency }})+(\mathrm{K} 2 \mathrm{x}$ frequency $)$

|  | LLS160-40GHz | LLS195STR | LLS195 | LLS290 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K1 | 0.309 | 0.243 | 0.231 | 0.131 |
| K2 | 0.0002500 | 0.0002600 | 0.0001785 | 0.0001674 |

